

LI: What was the Industrial Revolution?

Spot the Difference

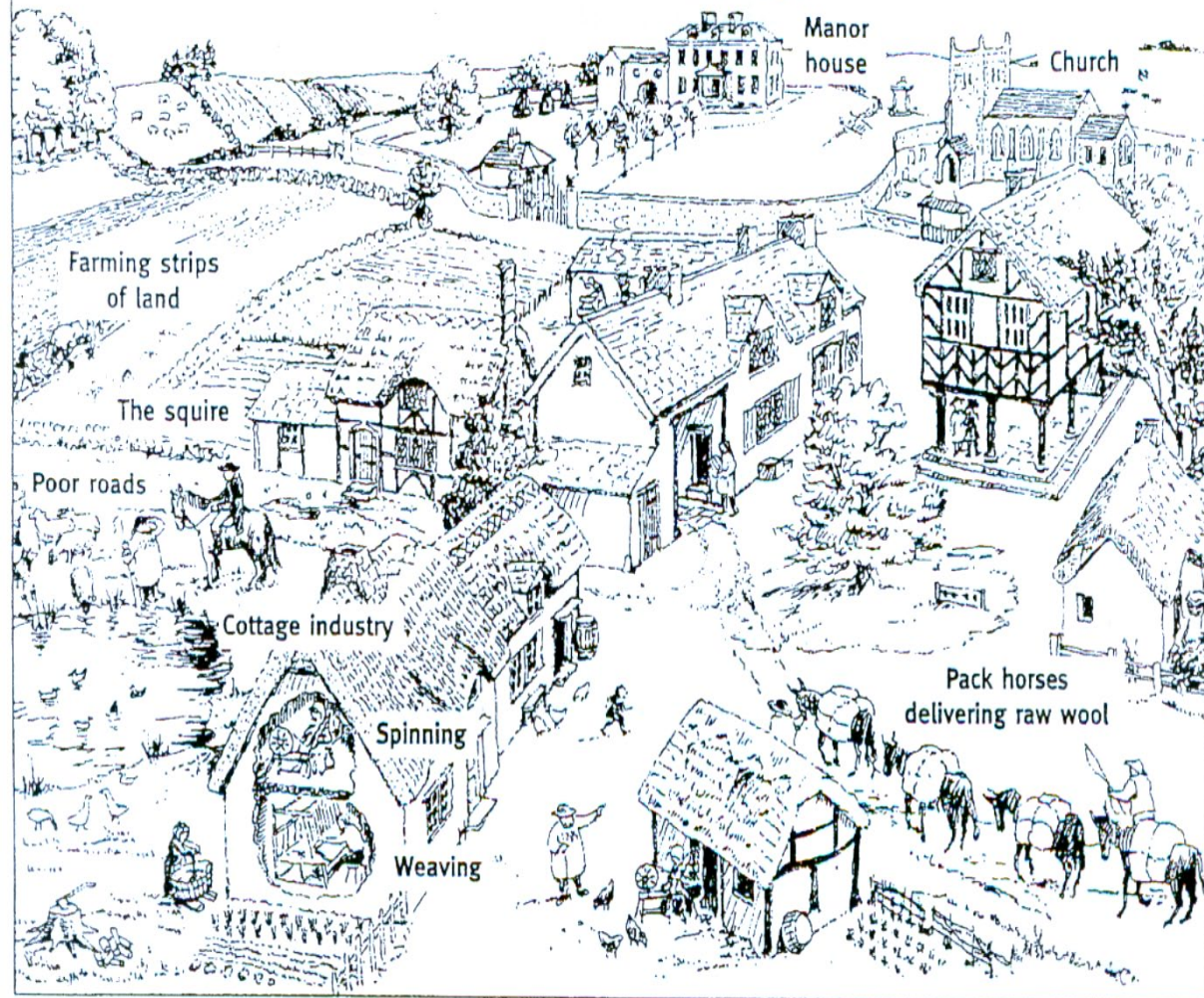


You have three minutes to spot as many differences as possible between these two pictures. Write them down in your book!

LI: What was the Industrial Revolution?

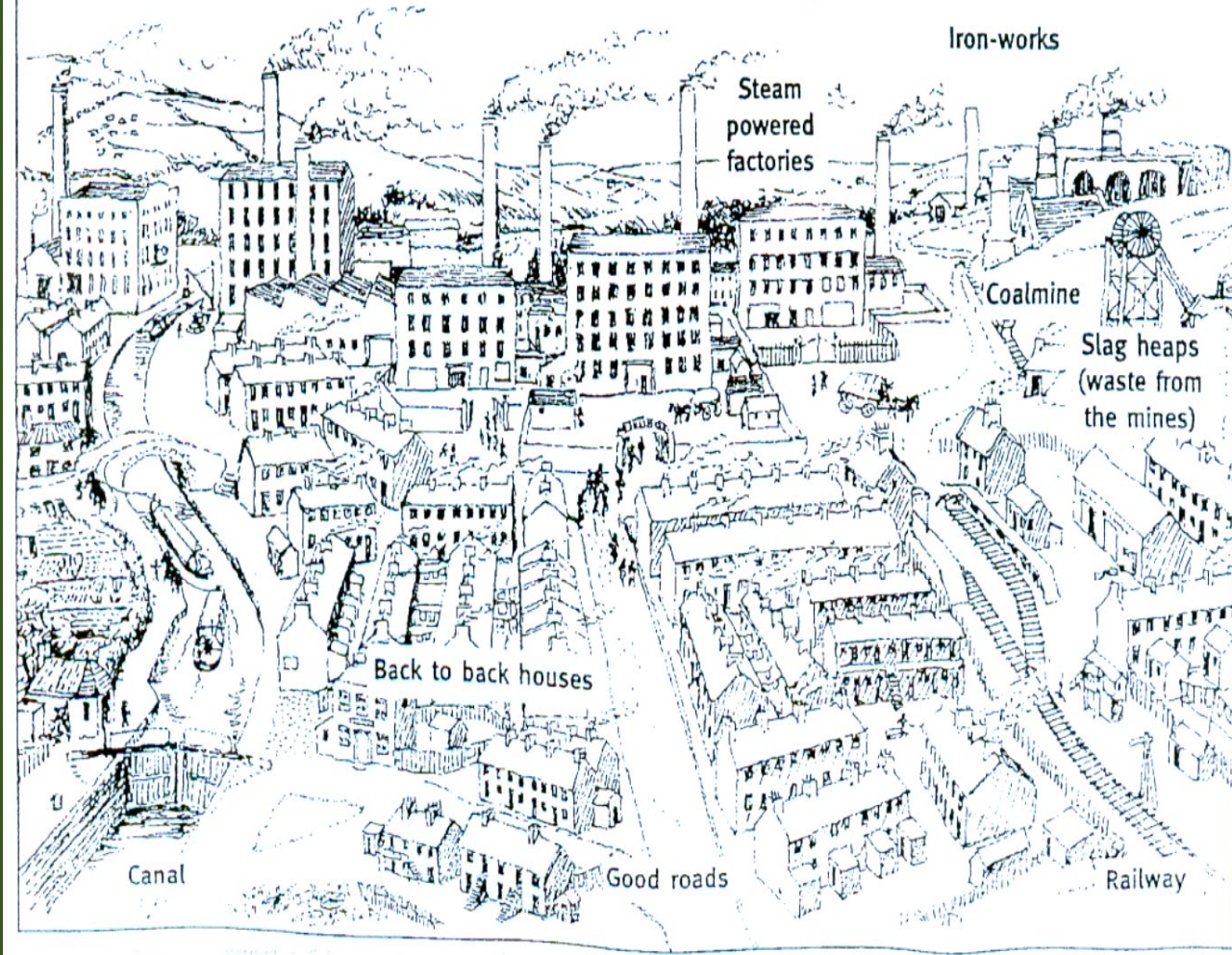
Source
D

A scene in Britain in about 1750.



Source
E

A scene in Britain in about 1900.



LI: What was the Industrial Revolution?

Success Criteria

BASIC:

To identify what the Industrial Revolution was and how it impact British life. S1-G1.

SIMPLE:

To describe why life changes so much because of the Industrial Revolution. G2-3.

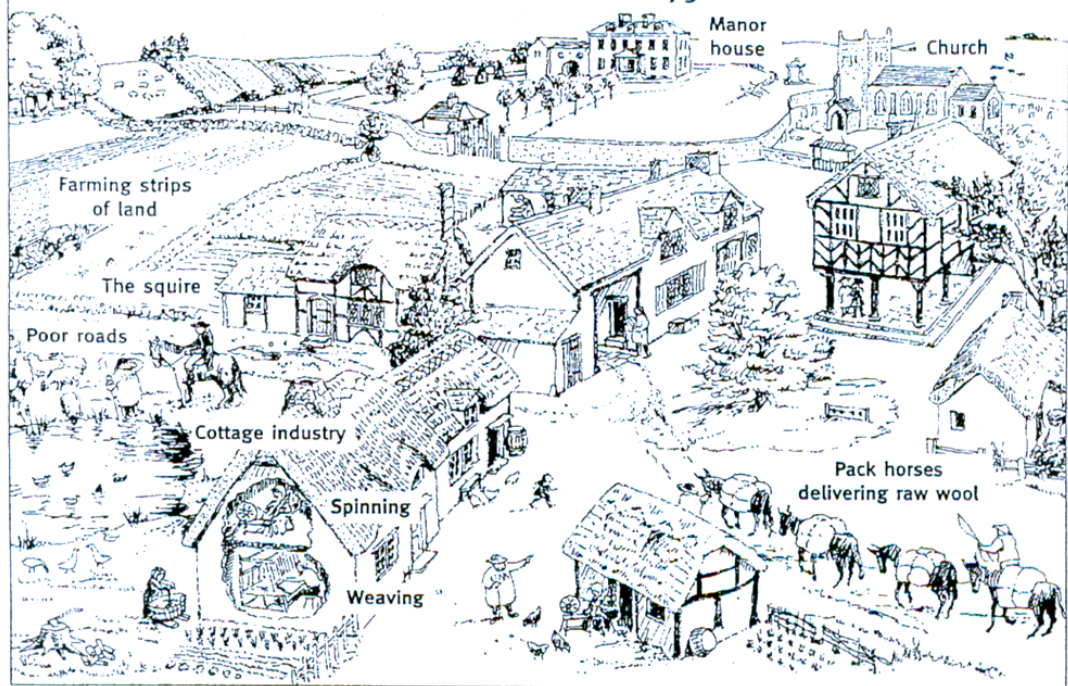
DEVELOPED

To explain how British life in from 1750 links to the Slave Trade G4.

LI: What was the Industrial Revolution?

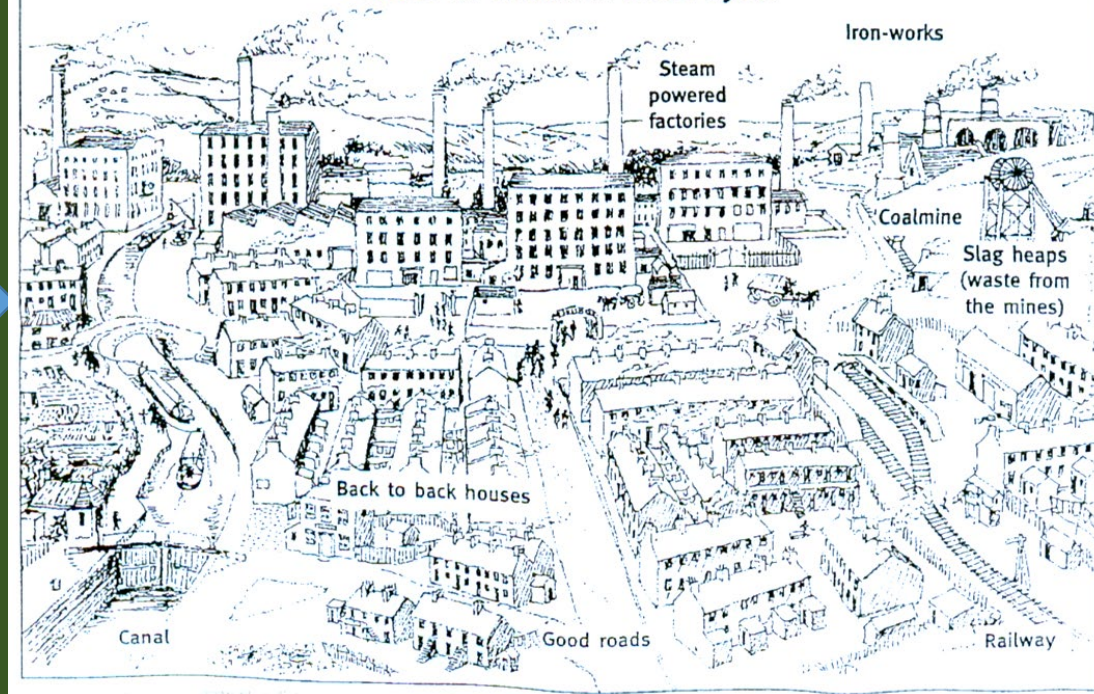
Source
D

A scene in Britain in about 1750.



Source
E

A scene in Britain in about 1900.



Today's Keywords!!

- **Industrial** - Having to do with industry, business or manufacturing.
- **Revolution** - a huge change or a change in the way things are done.
- **Industrial Revolution** - a change from making things by hand to making them in factories.

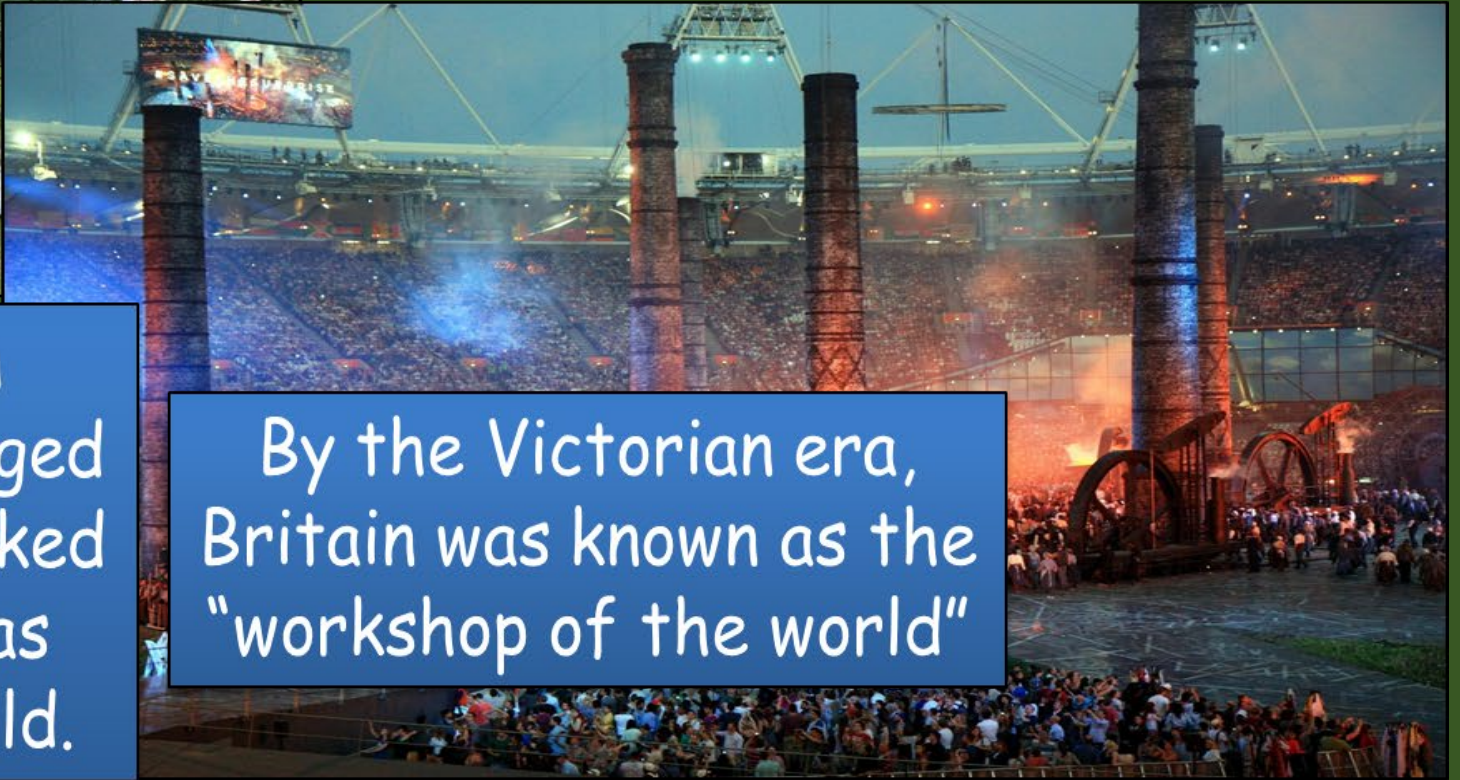
What was the Industrial Revolution?

The growth of industry in Britain from 1750 till the late 1800s.

Britain began to make money from products which it made, not products which it grew.



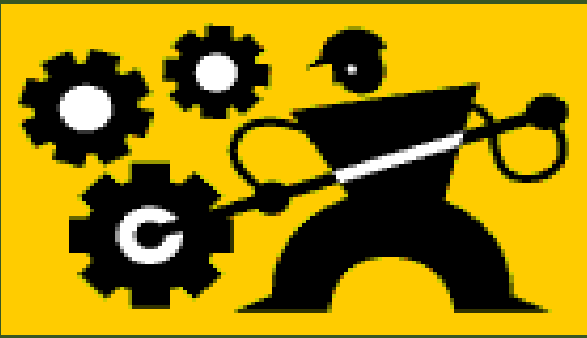
The Industrial Revolution changed the landscape, changed the way people lived and worked and changed how Britain was seen by the rest of the world.



By the Victorian era, Britain was known as the "workshop of the world"

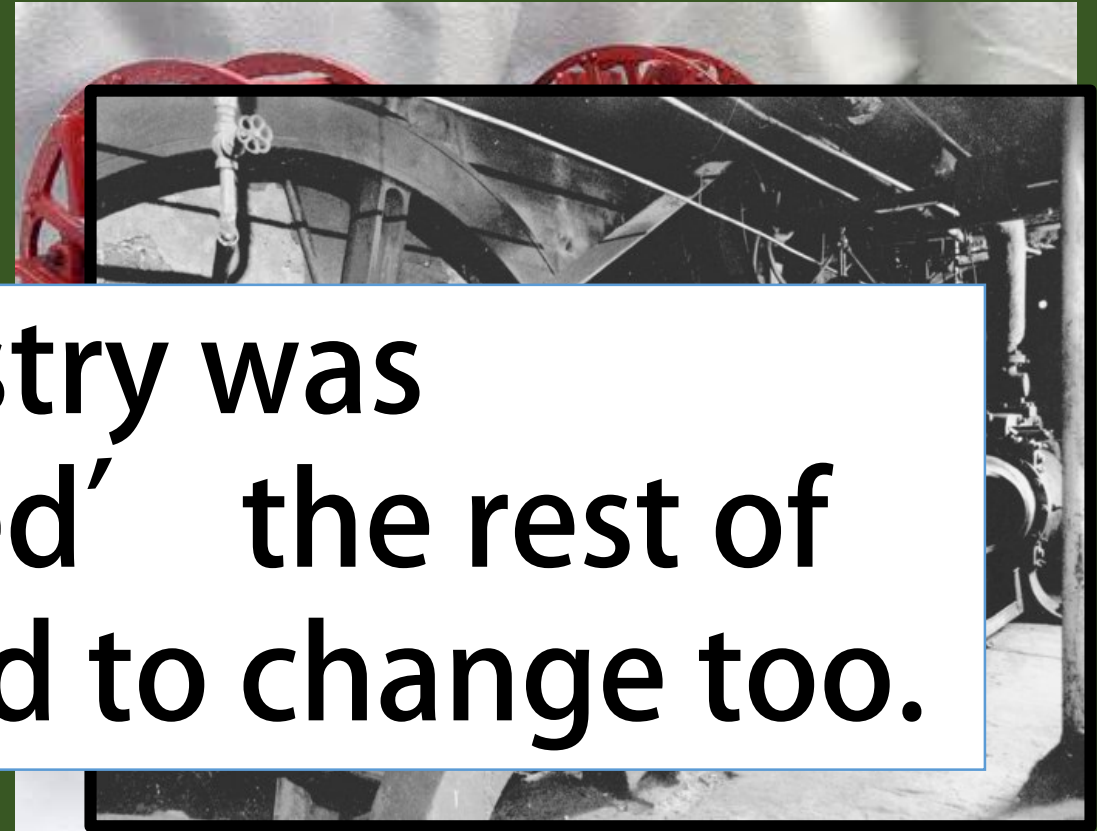
Industrial Revolution

- After 1700 major changes occurred in Great Britain:
 - How industry was organized
 - Skills needed by workers
 - How industry was powered
 - Where and how goods were sold

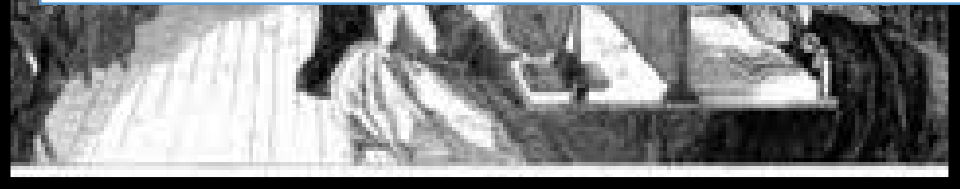


Incredible and world changing inventions
were created during the Industrial
Revolution...

As industry was
'revolutionised' the rest of
Britain was forced to change too.



powered locomotive engines



production of yarn in 1850s

Watch the London 2012 Olympics Opening Ceremony and bullet point down x8 interesting things you notice linking to the Industrial Revolution.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HBITyBdRv_Q

BEFORE



How has the
technology
changed?

Why has the
technology
changed?



AFTER

BEFORE



How has the
technology
changed?

Why has the
technology
changed?



AFTER

Write down 5
inventions that may
have 'revolutionised'
your life!



TASK!

Task 1:

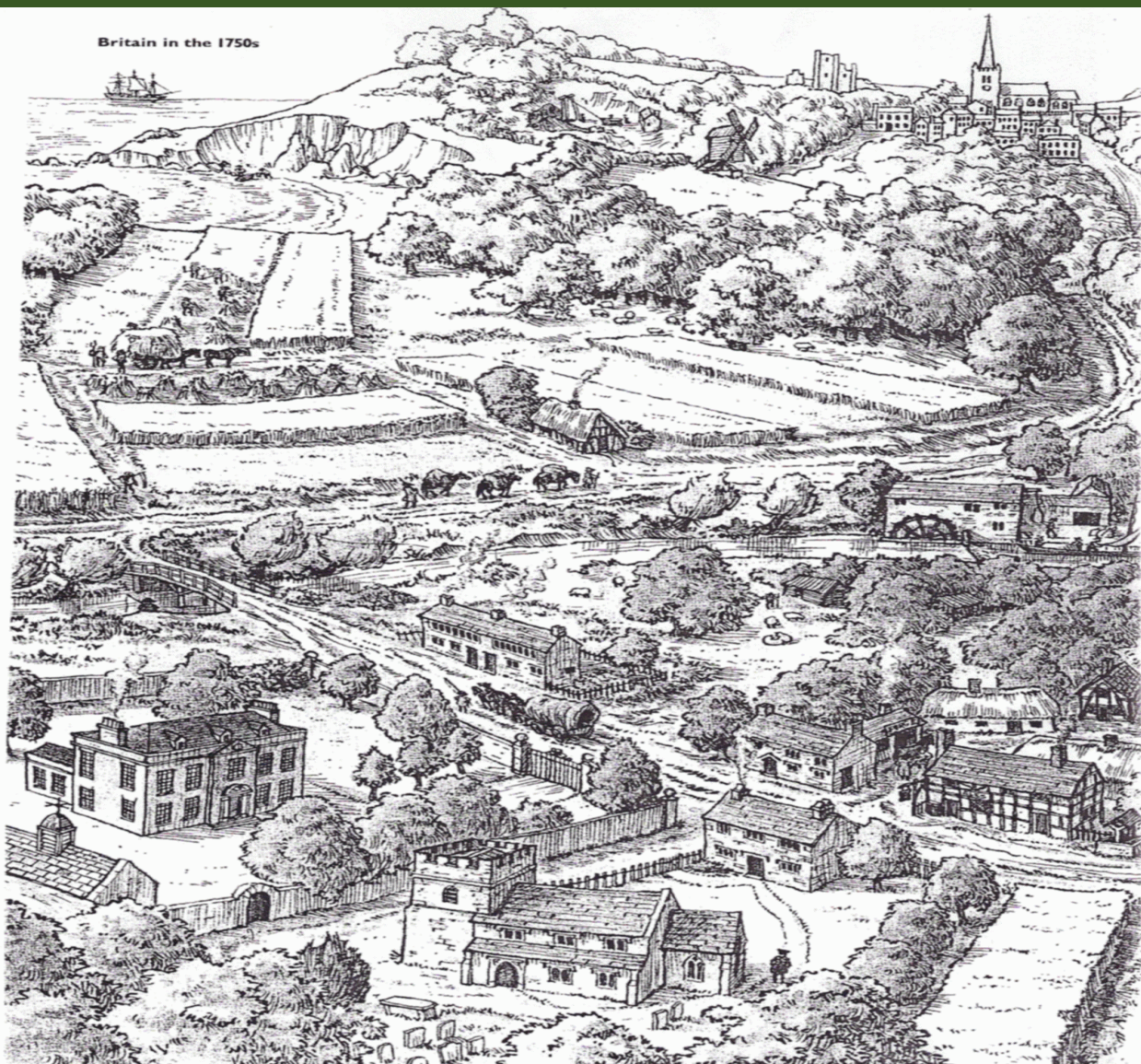
Have a really good look at the picture of Britain in the 1750s.

I have picked out all the important aspects I can see that show the conditions of Land Use, Transport, Power and Industry!

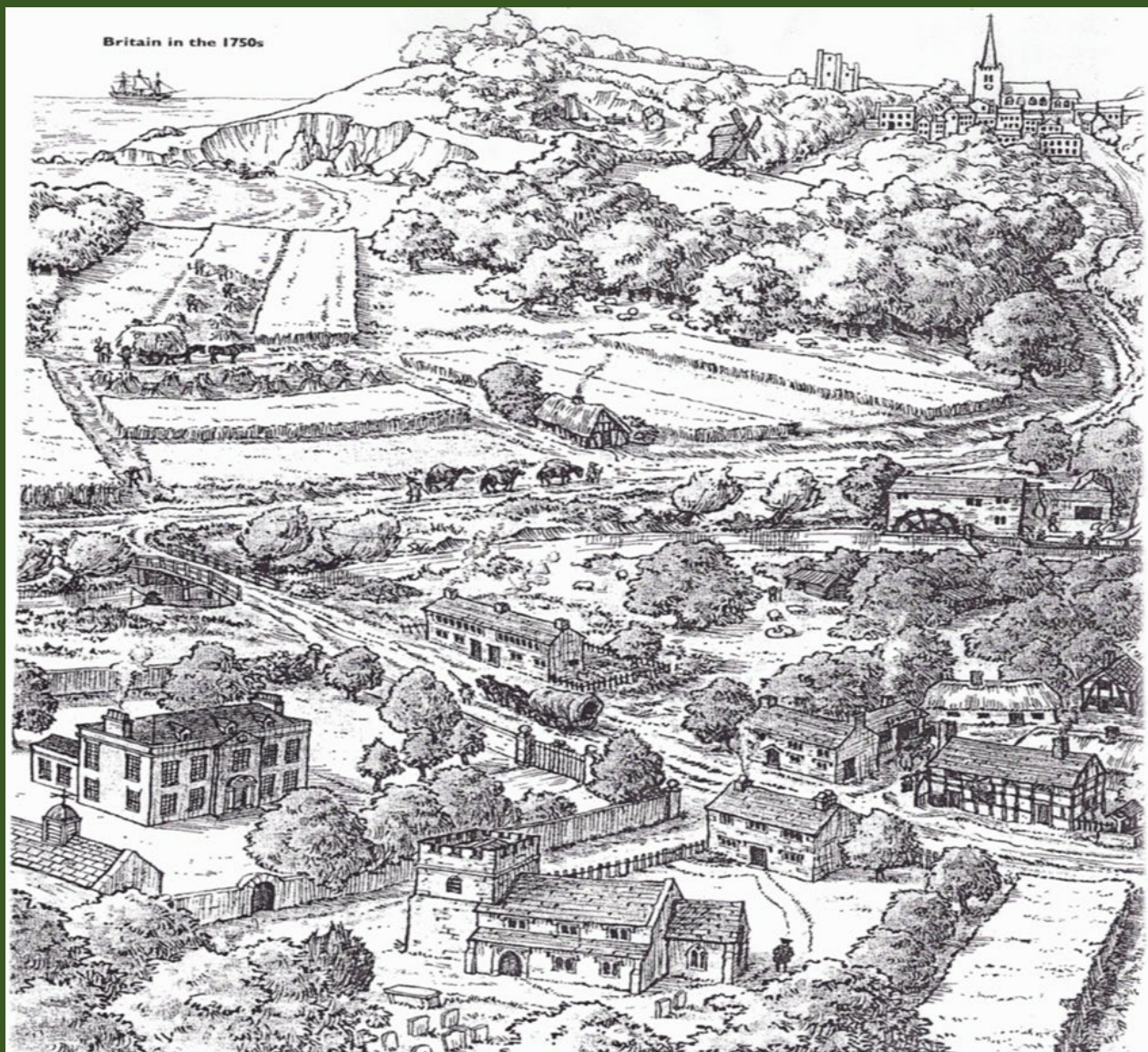
Your job is to write underneath each factor whether you think they are 'positive' or 'negative' aspects of British industry in the 1750s.

Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry
Britain in the 1750s	farms	Horse and cart	Water wheel	
	church		Man power	farming
	Small homes	Sail boat	Windmill	mining
			Coal power	pub
	Small mine	Walking for transport	Powerful land owner in the big house.	Small factories

Britain in the 1750s



Britain in the 1750s



Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry
Britain in the 1830s				

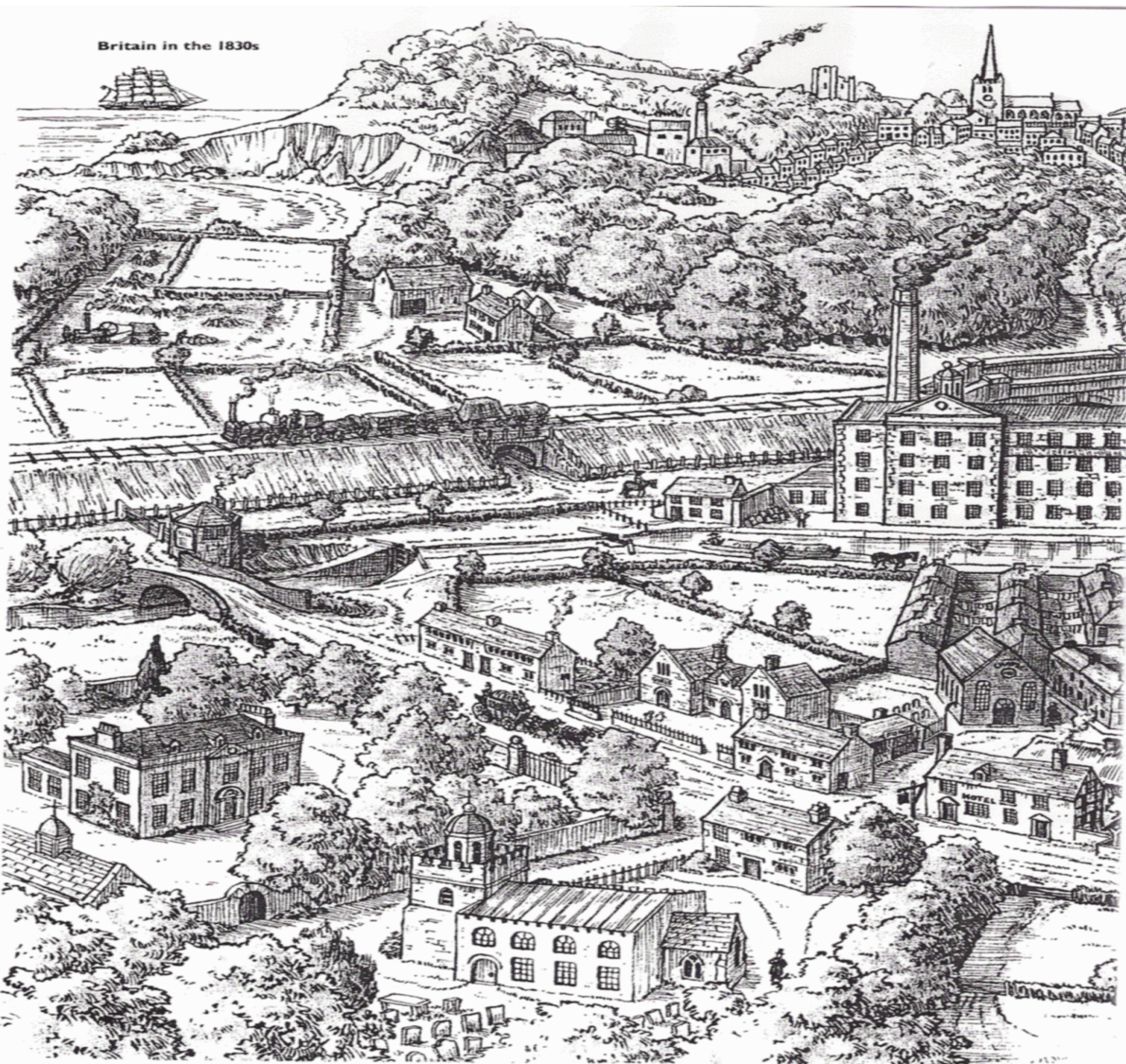
You are now going to look at similar pictures showing Britain in the 1830s and the 1890s.

Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry
Britain in the 1890s				

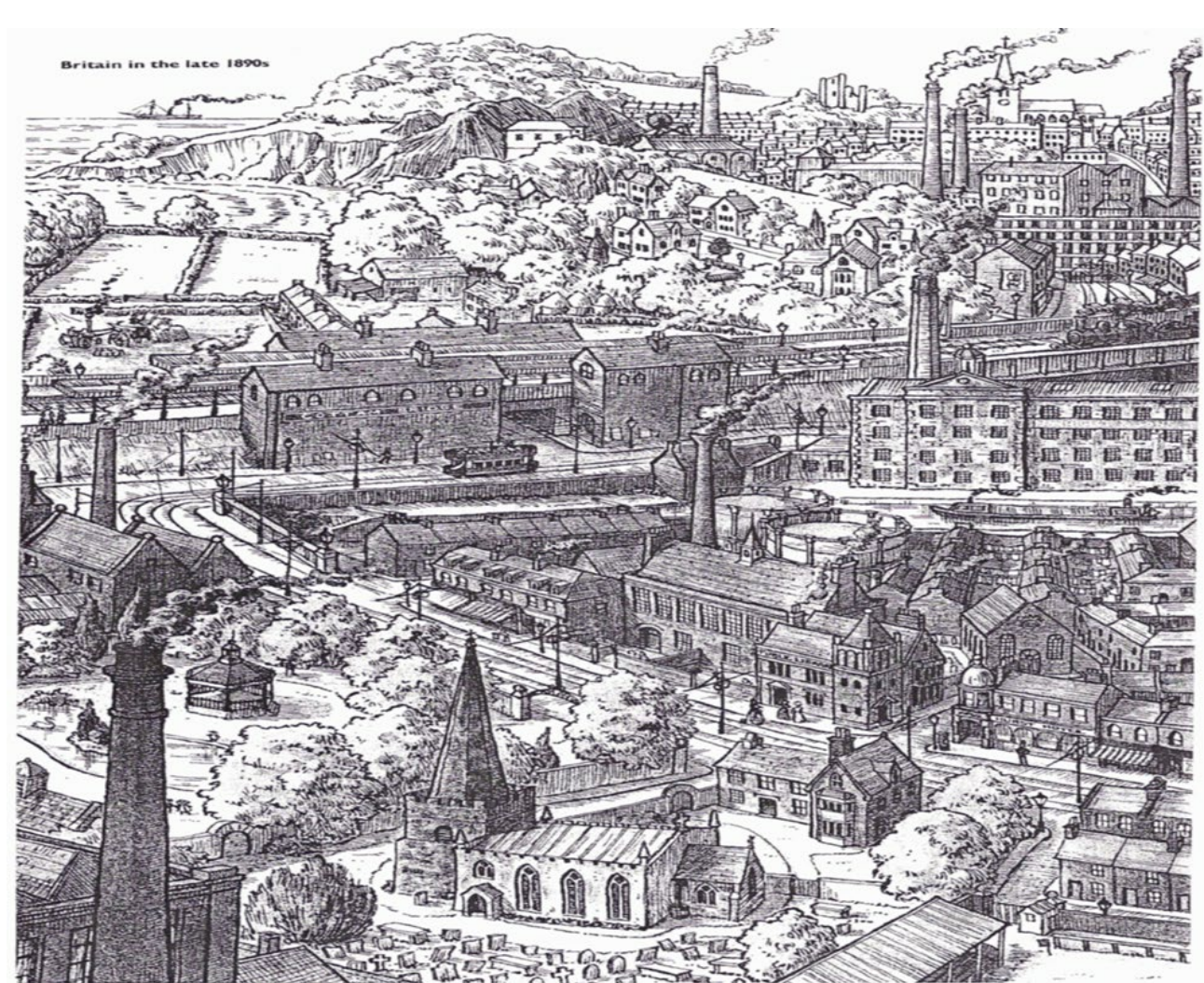
This time you need to write down things you see in the picture that relate to the four factors; Land Use, Transport, Power and Industry YOURSELVES.

THEN, highlight the **positive** and **negative** aspects of the factors you find in each picture.

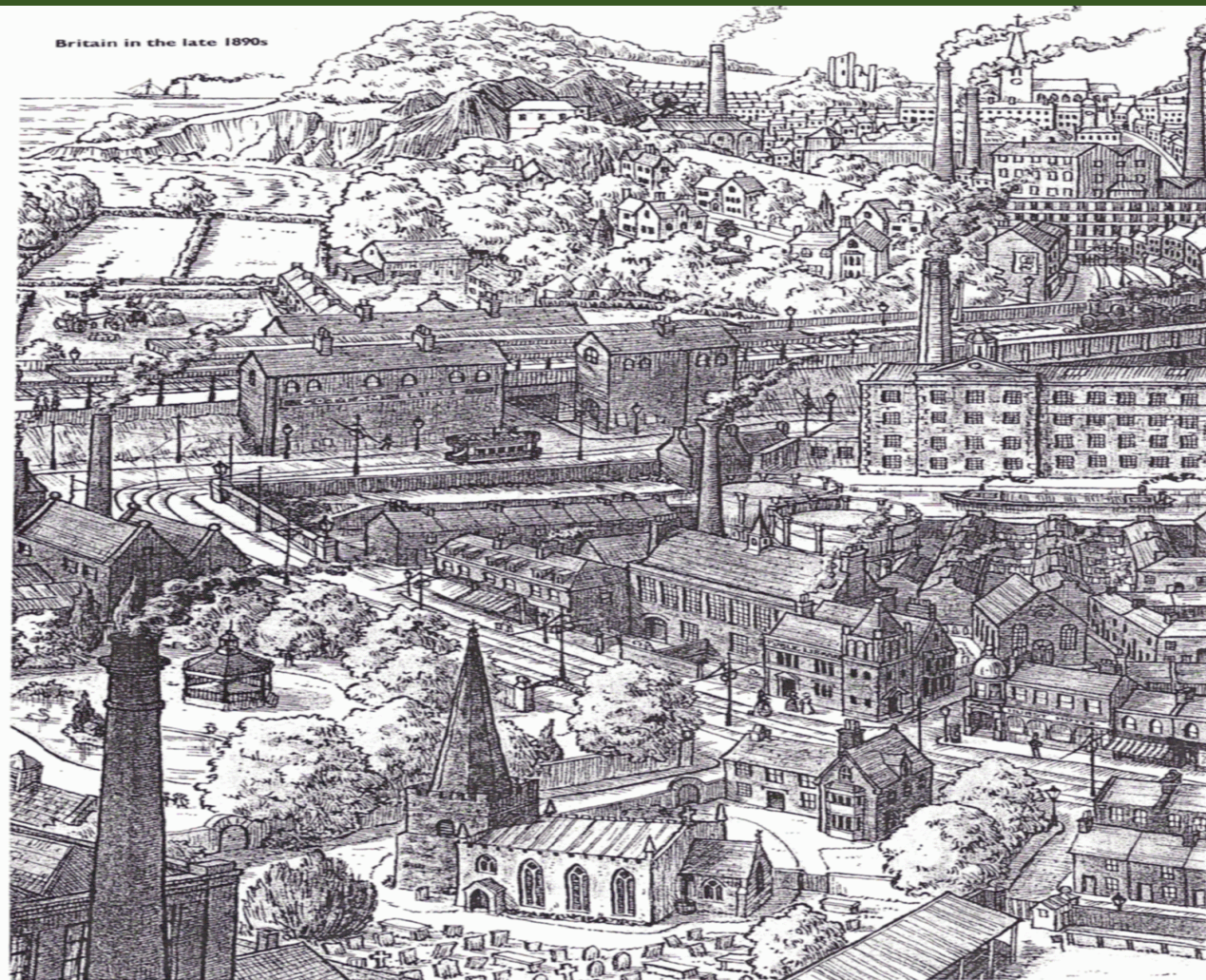
1830s



1890s



Britain in the late 1890s



Britain in the late 1890s



How did the Industrial Revolution change Britain by 1890?

1750	1890
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Mainly made up of farmland, the main job was farming using horse and cart or man power.2. A lot less populated - people lived in cottages in small villages.3. No form of modern transport (no cars or steam trains) people mainly walked or used horse and cart. This limited travelling to new cities.	<p><u>Sentence Starters:</u></p> <p>'The Industrial Revolution modernised British culture.'</p> <p>'For example, Britain in the 1750s was very rural because...'. 'This had changed in the 1890s because...'</p> <p>'Another change in Britain that had occurred by the 1890s was...'. 'This meant that...'</p> <p>'Therefore,...'</p> <p><u>Keywords:</u> Industrial, Agricultural, Industry, Modern, Revolution, Transport, Power</p>

Challenge task!:

The
1750s

The
1830s

The
1890s

*Can you sum up the state of
British industry of each year in
just 10 words?*

Plenary:

Which statement do you agree with the most?

1. By the late 1890s, life in the city looked like it was full of opportunities.
2. By the late 1890s, life in the city looked like it was dirty, dangerous and full of exploitation.
3. The new cities and factories in the city by the late 1890s helped Britain to advance and made the British Empire the most powerful in the world.

Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry
Britain in the 1830s				

Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry
Britain in the 1890s				

Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry	Picture year:	Land use	Transport	Power	Industry
Britain in the 1750s	farms	Horse and cart	Water wheel	farming	Britain in the 1750s	farms	Horse and cart	Water wheel	farming
	church		Man power			church		Man power	
	Small homes	Sail boat	Windmill	mining		Small homes	Sail boat	Windmill	mining
	Small mine		Coal power	pub		Coal power		pub	
	Walking for transport		Powerful land owner in the big house.	Small factories		Walking for transport		Powerful land owner in the big house.	Small factories